What is claimed is:

2

3

4

5

6 7

. 8

. 9

1

3

4

5

1

2

1 2

1 1	A heterodyn	ne system,	comprising:
-----	-------------	------------	-------------

- a first signal path receiving a drive signal and providing a first signal in response to the drive signal;
- a second signal path receiving the drive signal and providing a second signal in response to the drive signal, at least one of the first signal path and the second signal path scaling the frequency of the drive signal so that the frequency of the first signal divided by the frequency of the second signal is an integer ratio; and
- a mixer receiving the first signal and the second signal, providing a series of mixing products of the first signal and the second signal.
- 2. The heterodyne system of claim 1 wherein the series of mixing products includes a designated signal, and wherein mixing products in the series other than the designated signal are offset in frequency from the designated signal by integer multiples of the frequency of the second signal divided by the denominator of the integer ratio when the integer ratio is reduced to lowest terms.
- The heterodyne system of claim 1 further comprising at least one filter selecting a designated one of the mixing products in the series.
- 4. The heterodyne system of claim 2 further comprising at least one filter selecting the designated signal and rejecting mixing products in the series other than the designated signal.

AGILENT Docket No. 10030998-1

2 multiplier. 1 6. The heterodyne system of claim 1 wherein the second signal path includes a modulator 2 imposing modulation on the second signal. 7. The heterodyne system of claim 5 wherein the second signal path includes a modulator 1 2 imposing modulation on the second signal. . 1 8. The heterodyne system of claim 5 wherein the frequency multiplier includes cascaded 2 frequency doublers. 9. The heterodyne system of claim 1 further comprising a source providing the drive 1 2 signal to the first signal path and the second signal path. 1 10. The heterodyne system of claim 9 further comprising a switchable bypass path 2 alternatively coupling the designated signal and the drive signal to an output.

5. The heterodyne system of claim 1 wherein the first signal path includes a frequency

1

1	11. A heterodyne system, comprising:
2	a first signal path scaling the frequency of a received drive signal by an integer multiple
3	to provide a first signal;
4	a second signal path receiving the drive signal and providing a second signal in response
5	to the drive signal; and
6	a mixer receiving the first signal and the second signal, and providing a series of mixing
7	products of the first signal and the second signal.
•	
1	12. The heterodyne system of claim 11 wherein the second signal path includes a
2 .	modulator for imposing modulation on the second signal.
*	
1	13. The heterodyne system of claim 12 wherein the modulator is an IQ modulator.
1	14. The heterodyne system of claim 11 further comprising at least one filter selecting a
2	designated mixing product from the series of mixing products.
1	15. The heterodyne system of claim 14 wherein the at least one filter has a stopband
2	rejecting mixing products in the series that are offset in frequency from the designated mixing
3	product by integer multiples of the frequency of the second signal.
1	16. The heterodyne system of claim 11 further comprising a source providing the drive

signal to the first signal path and the second signal path.

1	17. A heterodyne method, comprising:
2	receiving a drive signal;
3	providing a first signal and a second signal in response to the drive signal, wherein the
4	frequency of the first signal divided by the frequency of the second signal is an integer ratio; and
5	mixing the first signal and the second signal to provide a series of mixing products of the
6	first signal and the second signal.
1	18. The heterodyne method of claim 17 wherein the series of mixing products includes
2	a designated signal, and wherein mixing products in the series other than the designated signal are
3	offset in frequency from the designated signal by integer multiples of the frequency of the second
4	signal divided by the denominator of the integer ratio when the integer ratio is reduced to lowest
5	terms.

1

2

20. The heterodyne method of claim 17 further comprising imposing modulation on the second signal.